

PEST REPELLENT BRACELET MOSQUITOES & Ticks



ESPECIALLY RECOMMENDED IN INFESTED REGION (MALARIA, DENGUE, YELLOW FEVER, CHIKUNGUNYA)





ORGANIC 100% NATURAL



NONTOXIC NO SECONDARY EFFECT



FOXY is a reppellent bracelet operational in zones 1,2,3 areas according the WHO* qualification

* more info on http://www.greenfox.shop/oms/



Length: 30 cm or 70 cm

1 ACTIVE UP TO TWO MONTHS



Depending of your geographical zone the efficiency of the Foxyl Pest Repellent Bracelet varies from 3 to 8 weeks



13 FROM 3 YEARS



04 APPLICATIONS

() WATERPROOF BUT..



The Foxyl bracelet is waterproof but .. based on natural products .. it is fragile ... as mother nature and don't like detergents (shampoo, chlorine) .So its is better to remove it when bathing ..

Warning after a bath, a shower you need 1 hour to reactivate your immunity





Available colors:



Used by our customers for 10 years

Product licensed by the a French Ministerial Approval No. PA231 (Act of 17 June 1992) Regarding the distribution of anti-parasitic products



FOXYL is a registered trademark from GreenFox Consulting R.C.S. PARIS 821 602 588



Product information and documentation http://www.greenfox.shop/sante/foxyl/



USAGE - POSOLOGY

Place a repellent bracelet on one wrist. The bracelet should be loose. To enable immunity wait one hour. If the environment is particularly hostile or if you are tall you can wear a second bracelet on the ankle of the opposite foot.





- Everyone including children over 3 years

- Suitable particularly for the armed forces, healthcare services

- Hiking, trekking and all types of travel

- After a shower or a bath it takes about 1 hour for the reactivation of immunity

Effective time up to two months





Do not put on wounds and mucous, avoid contact with eyes and mouth. If irritation occurs, consult a doctor. Do not use with children under 3 years.



HOW DOES IT WORKS?

The goal is to mislead the female mosquito and make her believe that the bracelet wearer is not consumable for her and she should look for her breakfast elsewhere. Fundamental research revealed that the female mosquito associated carbon oxides and fatty substances generated by the transcutaneous breathing. The slow return of the active ingredient contained in our bracelet alters the molecules of Carbon dioxide re-dropped by our skin and gives it an unknown taste for the mosquito. It was found during the tests that the mosquito lands on a subject wearing our bracelet and takes off without sting. The active ingredient of the bracelet is guaranteed without synthetic insecticide and contains only plant extracts. Numerous tests conducted by independent laboratories and ground tests demonstrated the effectiveness of our repellent bracelet FOXYL

natural product



MOSQUITOES ARE DANGEROUS DISEASES VECTORS MAINLY IN TROPICAL AND INTERTROPICAL REGIONS.

- The Malaria. According to the World Health Organization (WHO), 250 million cases of malaria are reported each year worldwide. Nine out of ten concern the African continent, but with global warming indigenous cases begin to be felt in countries previously free. There are four types of human malaria agents all parasites of the Plasmodium family.
- The Dengue. It is transmitted by mosquitoes of the genus Aedes including A. aegypti- infected with one of the four dengue viruses. It is causing influenza-like illness. According to WHO estimates, there would be every year 50 Millions cases worldwide. However, there is a severe form called dengue hemorrhagic fever that hit about 500 000 people per year. "Without appropriate treatment, the fatality rate of DHF can exceed 20%," the WHO said.
- Yellow fever. Nearly 200 000 people are affected each year by this viral disease. And 30 000 die. But according to WHO, the figures are underestimated. It is transmitted by mosquitoes Aedes and Haemagogus. The disease is endemic in many countries in Africa and South America. Vaccination is essential for travelers who need to get there, and is practiced in a limited number authorized centers in France, Europe and Worldwide.
- The West Nile fever. culex- species -mainly mosquitoes are infected during a "blood meal" performed on birds themselves carriers of this virus, isolated for the first time in the Camargue in 1964. In 80% of If the infection goes unnoticed. The rest of the time it is suggestive of influenza-like illness, but meningeal complications may occur. Since 2002, over 13 000 cases (deaths resulting 5000) were identified anything in the United States. In France, an increase in the circulation of West Nile Virus has been observed in recent years on the Mediterranean periphery. A monitoring system was put in place by the authorities.
- Chikungunya. This disease transmitted by Aedes mosquitoes has been mostly described in Africa, South East Asia, India, Indonesia and Pakistan. It causes high fever, headache and severe muscle joint wrists pain and , ankles and knuckles. The pain may persist for weeks or months.

